

HEART DISEASE

The term "heart disease" includes a variety of conditions that affect the heart and blood vessels. The most common type of heart disease is coronary heart disease (clogged arteries). It can lead to a heart attack. Although heart disease is the leading cause of death, you can reduce your risk and even manage it by making lifestyle changes — like getting the right nutrition.

What does heart-friendly eating look like?

A heart-friendly eating plan includes a wide variety of foods from all food groups. These foods provide your body with energy and essential nutrients like vitamins, minerals and fiber. This plan should also limit sodium, total fat and saturated fat. When consumed in excess, these may cause or worsen heart disease. Here are some good examples of foods that can be part of a heart-friendly diet:

- Dairy products
- Fish
- Fruits and vegetables
- Lean meats

- Legumes
- Nuts and seeds
- Poultry
- Whole grains

How does sodium affect my heart health?

Sodium, or salt, is common in many foods we eat. We often use it to season and flavor foods. Consuming extra sodium increases water in your blood vessels. This creates more blood flow and increases your blood pressure. Consuming less sodium may aid in lowering high blood pressure.

The American Heart Association recommends getting no more than 2,300 milligrams of sodium per day. Most adults should move toward an ideal limit of no more than 1,500 milligrams per day.

At Mom's Meals®, our mission

is to improve life through

better nutrition at home.

refrigerated meals to any

address nationwide. Enjoy the

option to choose every meal,

every delivery,* to empower

you with a voice in your care.

We deliver nutritious,



^{*} Post-discharge members may receive a variety of meals based on their dietary preferences.

Are fats part of a heart-healthy diet?

Yes, they are a nutrient your body needs. Saturated and unsaturated are two types of fats in the foods we eat. Dietary fats give your body energy and support cell growth. They help your body absorb nutrients. Fats also offer insulation which helps keep your body warm and protects your organs.

Saturated fats can raise overall cholesterol levels and can cause and/or worsen heart disease. These fats are found in red meat, dairy products, baked goods and fried foods. To moderate your intake of saturated fats in your diet, select:

- Lean cuts of meat
- Low-fat dairy items

The Dietary Guidelines for Americans recommends limiting saturated fat to 10% or less of your daily calories.

Unsaturated fats are beneficial for your overall health. They are mainly found in plant-based foods. These fats can improve blood cholesterol levels, reduce inflammation, lower blood pressure and reduce your risk of heart disease. Be sure to include these in your diet:

- Avocados
- Fatty fish

- Nuts and seeds
- Plant-based oils (canola, olive, and safflower)

How does fiber intake impact my heart health?

Dietary fiber is a key part of a heart-healthy diet. It can help control blood sugar and lower cholesterol.

Soluble

- Beans
- Nuts and fruits (like apples, berries, citrus fruits and pears)
- Oatmeal

Insoluble

- Vegetables (like carrots, celery and tomatoes)
- Wheat cereals
- Whole grains

The Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics recommends getting 25-35 grams of total fiber per day.



Helpful Tips

- Get moderate physical activity. Take a walk after dinner, dance or ride your bike.
- Managing stress.
 Try therapy, meditation or physical activity.
- Decrease alcohol consumption.
- ✓ Quit smoking.

 Your medical provider can recommend a plan to help you quit.



Which Mom's Meals are best if I have heart disease?

Any of our meals can be part of a nutritious eating plan. It is important to be aware of the amount of sodium and fats in foods when you have heart disease. Our heart-friendly meals are marked with a ♥. They are developed based on the nutritional guidelines of the AHA. These meals contain:

- Less than 30% of total calories from fat
- Less than 10% of total calories from saturated fat
- Less than 800 mg of sodium
- A healthy amount of soluble fiber

We also provide lower-sodium meals (marked with an *). These meals contain less than 800 mg of sodium for the entire meal.

	*	DP+	025	Salisbury and Cho
	**	DP+	013	Pasta & I and Gine
	*	DP+	137	Chicken

Nutrition Facts 8 servings per container Serving size 2/3 cup (55g) 230 Calories Total Fat 8g Saturated Fat 1g Trans Fat 0g Cholesterol 0m 0% **m** 160mg Total Carbonyd 13% Dietary Fiber 4g 14% Total Sugars 12g Includes 10g Added Sug 20% Protein 3g Vitamin D 2mcg 45% Iron 8mg

How do I know the sodium content of a meal or side?

Read the nutrition facts panel on the meal tray or side item. Refer to the nutrition insert in your cooler for those sides that do not have a nutrition facts panel.

The good news is Mom's Meals makes it easy.

We provide food as medicine solutions for better eating with heart disease. For example, we offer heart-friendly and lower-sodium meals which are an important part of staying healthy with heart disease.

Our goal is to provide a pathway to help you manage your heart disease.

For more information visit: momsmeals.com/heart-friendly

Contact your health care provider with questions about your heart disease.

For more information about heart disease or nutrition, visit: www.heart.org and www.eatright.org.

Sources: https://www.cdc.gov/heart-disease/data-research/facts-stats/index.html; https://www.heart.org/en/healthy-living/healthy-eating/eat-smart/sodium/how-much-sodium-should-i-eat-per-day; https://health.gov/sites/default/files/2021-08/DGA_FactSheet_SaturatedFats-07-09_508c_0.pdf; https://www.eatright.org/health/essential-nutrients/carbohydrates/easy-ways-to-boost-fiber-in-your-daily-diet; https://www.fda.gov/media/84316/download?attachment



At Mom's Meals, our menus are designed to support the nutritional needs of many common chronic conditions.

